IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as set forth below.

- 1. (Canceled)
- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Canceled)
- 10. (Currently amended) A method of preparing Vitamin A Liposomes comprising:

 Vitamin A serving as an active ingredient, and support substance and lipid ingredients serving as excipients and the membranes; characterized in that:

the content of Vitamin A is 0.2-40%, and the support substance is 1-80%, the remainder being the lipid ingredients, buffer agent and water;

wherein the lipid ingredient is selected from the group consisting of:

Distearoylphosphatidyl choline, Dipalmitoyl Phosphatidyl Choline, Poloxamer, Dimyristoyl Phosphatidyl-choline, and mixtures thereof;

characterized in that: the solid Vitamin A pro-Liposome is made from Vitamin A and the lipid ingredients by adding the support substance; the Vitamin A Liposomes are obtained through hydration and vibration by adding water into the Vitamin A pro-Liposomes before usage.

11. (Previously Presented) The method of Vitamin A Liposomes preparation according to claim 10, wherein the content of Vitamin A in the Vitamin A pro-Liposomes is 0.2-

20%, and the support substance is 2-40%, the remainders are the lipid ingredients, buffer agent and water.

- 12. (Previously Presented) The method of Vitamin A Liposomes preparation according to claim 11, wherein the process of Vitamin A pro- Liposomes preparation is as follows:
- (1) Vitamin A and the lipid ingredients are melted by heating or dissolved by an organic solvent to obtain a lipid solution;
 - (2) The above-mentioned lipid solution is either:
 - (a) sprayed upon the support substance suspending in a fluidized bed, and the organic solvent is volatilized to obtain the dry Vitamin A pro-Liposomes; or
 - (b) combined with the support substance through the method of film dispersion or fusion or filling, and the Vitamin A Liposomes is dehydrated by freeze-drying or spray-drying, to obtain the dry Vitamin A pro-Liposomes.
- 13. (Currently amended)—A The method of preparing Vitamin A Liposomes according to claim 10 wherein the support substance is selected from the group consisting of Mannitol, Sodium chloride, polyvinyl pyrrolidone, and mixtures thereof.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The method of Vitamin A Liposomes preparation according to claim 13, wherein the process of Vitamin A pro- Liposomes preparation is as follows:
- (1) Vitamin A and the lipid ingredients are melted by heating or dissolved by an organic solvent to obtain a lipid solution;
 - (2) The above-mentioned lipid solution is either:
 - (a) sprayed upon the support substance suspending in a fluidized bed, and the organic solvent is volatilized to obtain the dry Vitamin A pro-Liposomes; or

- (b) combined with the support substance through the method of film dispersion or fusion or filling, and the Vitamin A Liposomes is dehydrated by freeze-drying or spray-drying, to obtain the dry Vitamin A pro-Liposomes.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A method of preparing Vitamin A Liposomes comprising the steps of:

Providing a Vitamin A serving as an active ingredient, and support substance and lipid ingredients serving as excipients and the membranes; characterized in that:

the content of Vitamin A is 0.2-40%, and the support substance is 1-80%, the remainder being the lipid ingredients, buffer agent and water;

wherein the lipid ingredient is selected from the group consisting of:

Distearoylphosphatidyl choline, Dipalmitoyl Phosphatidyl Choline, Poloxamer, Dimyristoyl Phosphatidyl-choline, and mixtures thereof;

adding the support substance to a combination of the Vitamin A and the lipid ingredients to create solid Vitamin A Pro-Liposome;

adding water to the Vitamin A Pro-Liposome[[;]] and and mixing or vibrating the combination of water and Vitamin A Pro-Liposome before usage.

- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of Vitamin A Liposomes preparation according to claim 15, wherein the content of Vitamin A in the Vitamin A pro-Liposomes is 0.2-20%, and the support substance is 2-40%.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of Vitamin A Liposomes preparation according to claim 15, wherein the content of Vitamin A in the Vitamin A pro-Liposomes is 0.2-20%, and the support substance is 2-40%, the remainders are the lipid ingredients, buffer agent and water.

- 18. (Previously Presented) The method of Vitamin A Liposomes preparation according to claim 16, wherein the process of Vitamin A pro-Liposomes preparation comprises the steps of:
 - (1) melting Vitamin A and the lipid ingredients to obtain a lipid solution; and
 - (2) spraying the lipid solution upon the support substance suspending in a fluidized bed.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method of Vitamin A Liposomes preparation according to claim 16, wherein the process of Vitamin A pro-Liposomes preparation comprises the steps of:
 - (1) dissolving the Vitamin A and the lipid ingredients to obtain a lipid solution;
 - (2) spraying the lipid solution upon the support substance suspending in a fluidized bed;
 - (3) volatilizing an organic solvent to obtain the dry Vitamin A pro-Liposomes.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The method of Vitamin A Liposomes preparation according to claim 16, wherein the process of Vitamin A pro-Liposomes preparation comprises the steps of:
- (1) dissolving by an organic solvent or melting the Vitamin A and the lipid ingredients to obtain a lipid solution;
 - (2) combining the lipid solution with the support substance; and
 - (3) dehydrating the Vitamin A Liposomes.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of Vitamin A Liposomes preparation according to claim 20, wherein the step of dehydrating comprises freeze-drying or spray-drying the Vitamin A Liposomes.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method of Vitamin A Liposomes preparation according to claim 20, wherein the step of combining is further defined in that the combining is by the method of dispersion or fusion or filling.